

Government Policy

- 2011 White Paper: The Natural Choice (2011)
- 25 Year Environment Plan: A Green Future (201
- Health and Harmony (2018)
- Environment Bill (2019...)
- Agriculture Bill (2019...)
- Enabling a Natural Capital Approach "ENCA" (20





The Natural Choice: securing the value of nature



CONTENTS

PART 1

ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCI

CHAPTER 1

IMPROVING THE NATURAL ENVIRONS

Agriculture Bill

[AS AMENDED IN PUBLIC BILL COMMITTEE]

CONTENTS

NEW FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE POWERS

- Secretary of State's powers to give financial assistance Financial assistance: forms, conditions, delegation and publication of
- Financial assistance: checking, enforcing and monitoring

PART 2

FINANCIAL SUPPORT AFTER EXITING THE EU

CHAPTER 1

DIRECT PAYMENTS

- Meaning of "basic payment scheme" and other expressions in Chapter 1
- The agricultural transition period for England Power to modify legislation governing the basic payment scheme
- Power to reduce the direct payments ceilings for England in 2020 by up
- Power to provide for the continuation of the basic payment scheme beyond
- 9 Power to provide for phasing out direct payments and delinked payments 10 Termination of direct payments

OTHER FINANCIAL SUPPORT: MODIFICATION OF LEGISLATION IN RELATION TO ENGLAND

- General provision connected with payments to farmers and other
- 12 Aid for fruit and vegetable producer organisations 13 Support for rural development



Department for Environment Food & Rural Affairs

Health and Harmony: the future for food, farming and the environment in a Green **Brexit**

February 2018



Themes – Natural Capital Committee

1. Public Money For Public Goods

2. The polluter pays

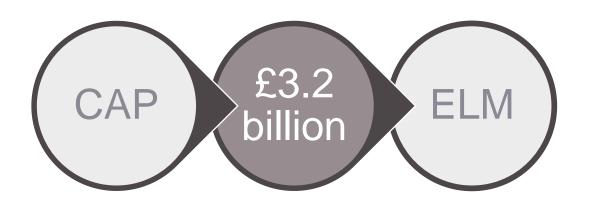
Natural
Capital
Committee

3. Net environmental gain



From CAP to public goods

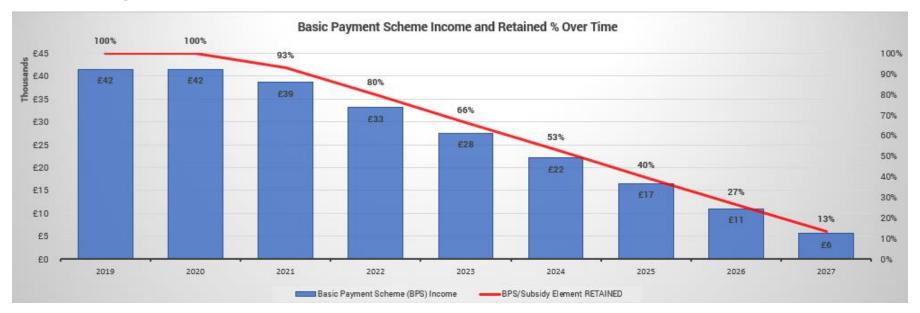
- Agriculture Bill contains many provisions on productivity, fairness in the supply chain, animal health and welfare, market standards etc.
- But one of the most important is how Government plan to spend money in the future: the move from direct payments to paying for public goods.





Outlook for the UK Agriculture

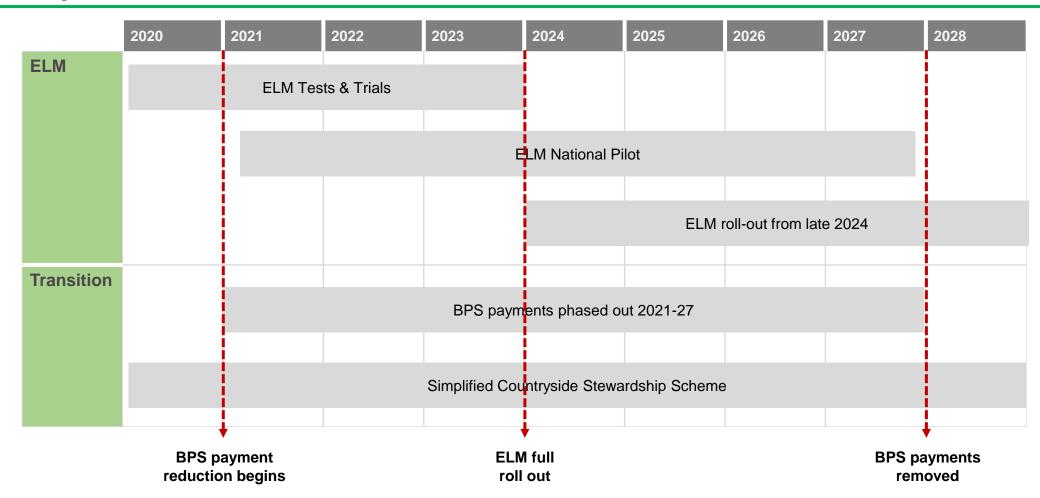
Subsidy outlook…



Role of Food Production...

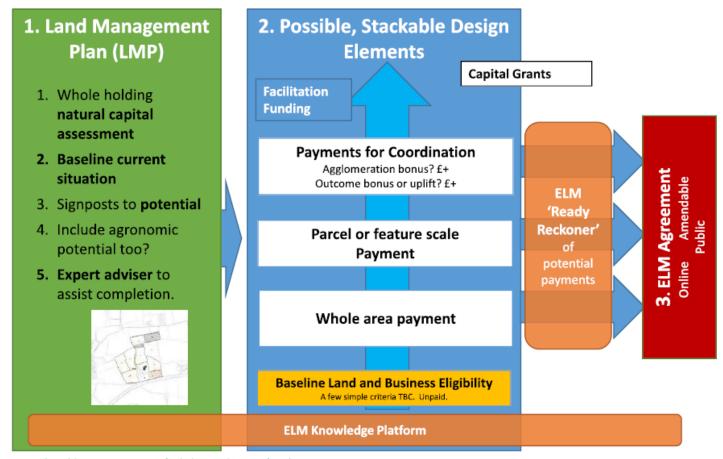
"The Agriculture and Fisheries Bills should put the public money for public goods principle at the heart of spending decisions and clearly define public goods, noting that these [i.e. public goods] exclude food production." (Natural Capital Committee, State of Natural Capital Annual Report 2020)

Proposed timeline





How might ELM work?







Themes

- Agricultural Bill
 - ✓ ELMS payment for providing "public goods"
 - ✓ Regenerative Agriculture rebuilding soils & soil health
- Environment Bill
 - Protecting Air & Water quality
 - ✓ Increasing Biodiversity & Offsetting
- Committee on Climate Change Paper Jan 2020
 - ✓ Land Use Policies for a Net Zero UK
 - Carbon sequestration

Challenges

- How will market mechanisms & Government policy incentivise businesses?
- How will they balance conflicting priorities?





Potential Impacts for UK Biogas/Biomass

Agricultural Bill

- Simplification? no need for 3 crop rule likely
- BPS goes implications for rent, farm viability & structures
- ELMS replace CSS payments for better soil management?
- Trade Deals more competition from Non EU imports for main commodities
- Greater ability to use Biotech outside Europe?





Potential Impacts for UK Biogas/Biomass

Environmental Bill

- More environmental protection
 - Implications for digestate storage & spreading covers on all la
 - ✓ SSAFO regs tighter compliance over silage storage & infield clamps?
 - Ammonia and phosphate controls/management tightened up?
 - ✓ Greater restrictions on pesticides
- Drive to reduce carbon footprint of Agriculture
 - ✓ Inorganic fertiliser use
 - ✓ Fuel for farm machinery
 - ✓ Minimum till & straw incorporation to reduce carbon release from soils
 - ✓ Fewer grazing livestock





Potential Impacts for UK Biogas/Biomass

Potential Outcomes

- Greater financial risk in farming
 - ✓ Faster restructuring to larger, more professional businesses
 - ✓ Fewer active managers in the sector
 - ✓ Highly geared, low margin operations = greater risk in supply chain
 - ✓ Desire to enter into longer term, less volatile, contracts?

Land Rent values

- ✓ Unsupported by BPS = lower rents?
- ✓ Greater emphasis on land productivity soil health, yield potential, competition from other crops etc
- ✓ More reward from ELM options in certain areas?

Higher Environmental Legislation

- ✓ More challenging feedstock and digestate management = larger and better storage capacity?
- Greater demand for organic fertilisers?
- ✓ More incentives for farmers to manage soils effectively impact on maize production?













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